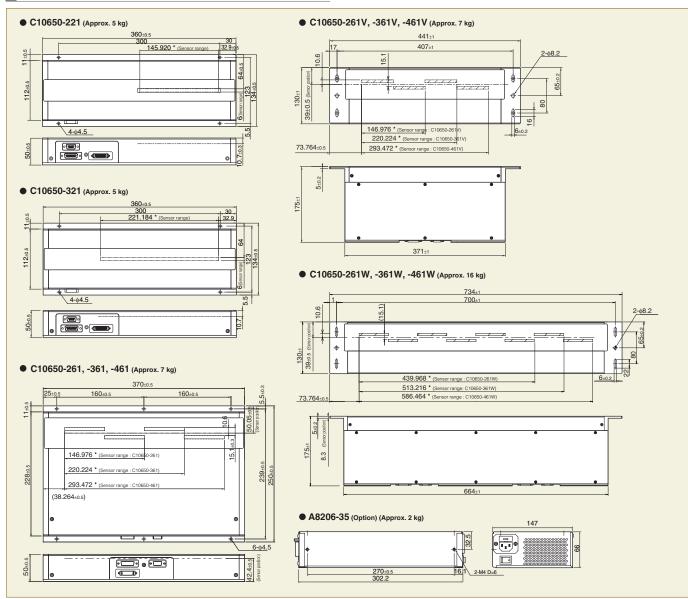
#### DIMENSIONAL OUTLINES (Unit: mm)



\* Sensor length is a theoretical value and does not include the dead space between CCDs. In case of overlapped type, the overlapped pixels are defined as 10 pixels.

### **OPTIONS**

● DC power supply: A8206-35

Power supply cable 5 m: A10847-05

• Camera Link cable 5 m: A9262-05

● Software API Support (Microsoft Windows): DCAM-API (http://www.dcamapi.com)

Multi A/D gain value: M8815-01

- ★ Product and software package names noted in this documentation are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective manufacturers.
- Subject to local technical requirements and regulations, availability of products included in this promotional material may vary. Please consult your local sales representative.
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Cat. No. SFAS0025E02

# X-ray TDI Camera C10650 Series

High speed readout Large field of view

**High resolution** 

**High sensitivity** 

Shield box



High speed readout 10.7

586

6144×2

X-ray TDI camera C10650 series is useful for in-line applications requiring high-speed operation with high sensitivity. TDI imaging is appropriate for applications where it is desired to record a linear movement, or where the aspect ratio of the subject being imaged is significantly asymmetric. Low brightness under high resolution usage, a problem with conventional line sensor cameras, is improved with this X-ray TDI camera, making it suitable for applications which require high resolution. Vertical X-ray TDI cameras that can be installed in narrow spaces are new additions to the series.

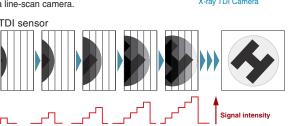
Printed circuit board (PCB) inspection

Surface-mounted component inspection

Lithium-ion battery inspection

High-resolution in-line non-destructive inspection

Time Delay Integration is a scanning technology in which a frame transfer device produces a continuous video image of a moving object by means of a stack of linear arrays aligned with and synchronized to the motion of the object to be imaged in such a way that, as the image moves from one line to the next, the integrated charge moves along with it, providing higher resolution at lower light levels than is possible with a line-scan camera.



- High S/N ratio with 12 bit / 16 bit output
- Camera Link interface (Base configuration)
- Single power supply (+15 V) operation
- Real time dark current / shading correction function
- Frame readout mode for easy installation alignment



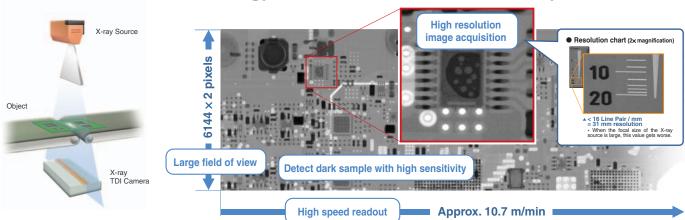
High speed readout

Large field of view

**High resolution** 

High sensitivity

# TDI technology offers all four simultaneously.



## PRODUCT LINEUP

#### ☐ Standard type

Type number	C10650-221	C10650-321	
Sensor number	2	3	
X-ray sensitive area	145 mm	221 mm	

#### ☐ Overlapped horizontal type

Type number	C10650-261	C10650-361	C10650-461	
Sensor number	2	3	4	
X-ray sensitive area	146 mm	220 mm	293 mm	

#### ☐ Overlapped vertical type

Type number	C10650-261V	C10650-361V	C10650-461V	
Sensor number	2	3	4	
X-ray sensitive area	146 mm	220 mm	293 mm	

#### 

Typo number	C100E0 001W	C100F0 201W	C10650-461W	
Type number	C10650-261W	C10650-361W		
Sensor number	6	7	8	
X-ray sensitive area	439 mm	513 mm	586 mm	

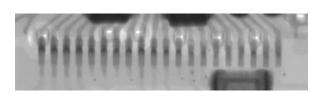
## SPECIFICATIONS

Type number		C10650-221	C10650-321	C10650-461	C10650-461V	C10650-461W
CCD pixel num	nber	3072(H) × 128(V)	4608(H) × 128(V)	6144(H) × 128(V)	6144(H) × 128(V)	6144 × 2(H) ×128(V)
Active CCD pix	xel number	3040(H) × 128(V)	4608(H) × 128(V)	6144(H) × 128(V) *1	6144(H) × 128(V) *1	6144 × 2(H) × 128(V)*1
CCD pixel size		48 μm × 48 μm				
X-ray sensitive	area	145 mm(H) × 6 mm(V)	221 mm(H) × 6 mm(V)	293 mm(H) × 6 mm(V)*1	293 mm(H) × 6 mm(V)*1	586 mm(H) × 6 mm(V)*1
Window		FOS (Fiber optic plate with scintillator)				
Recommended	use range	Approx. 25 kV to 90 kV *2				
CCD pixel clock		4.0 MHz				
TDI line rate	1 × 1		Max. 2.109 kHz (6.073 m/min)			
	binning 2 × 2	Max. 1.858 kHz (10.702 m/min)				
A/D converter		12	bit	16 bit		
Data output		12	bit	16 bit		
Interface (Camera Link)		Base Configuration				
Pixel clock (Camera Link)		16.0 MHz				
TDI line rate control *3		External mode or internal mode				
A/D gain value *4		0 dB to 20 dB (64 steps)				
Power requirements		DC +15 V (±1 V)				
Power consumption		25 \	VA	30 VA	30 VA	60 VA

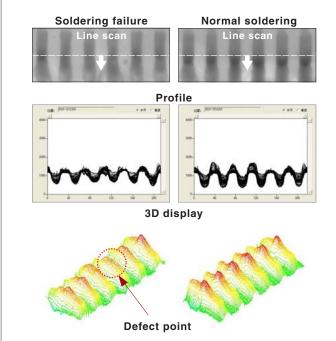
- \*1 "Active CCD pixel number" is all outputting pixel number including overlapped pixel. When the overlapped pixels are deleted, actual pixel numbers will vary. And also, X-ray sensitive area will vary.
- $\star 2$  Usable range of X-ray strength may vary depending on the tube current, the tube voltage and the distance.

## MEASUREMENT EXAMPLES

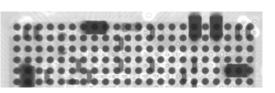
#### Inspection of a solder's back fillet



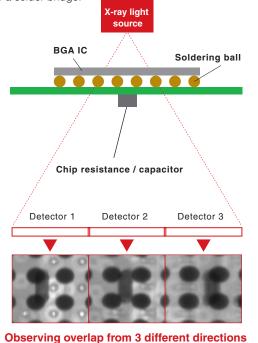
If the back fillet of the solder on a PCB has a defect, a connection error will occur even with small vibrations. For observation of the back fillet part, X-ray transmission technique has been applied but only with an off-line system. Our X-ray TDI camera realizes in-line inspection because it can acquire high speed profile data with high sensitivity. 3D brightness level can be displayed using software.



## **Multiangle PCB inspection**

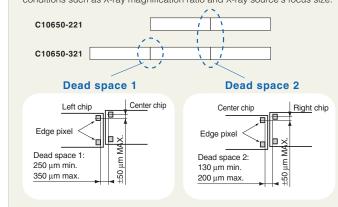


Inspecting a narrow pitch soldering such as BGAs can be difficult because images of mounted components can overlap the BGA, making it hard to detect possible solder bridges. If X-ray cameras are placed at different positions, then comparing the images can determine if the feature is a component or a solder bridge.



#### Dead space between chips

C10650-221, -321 have dead space between chips as shown below. The effect of the dead space on an X-ray image depends on the measurement conditions such as X-ray magnification ratio and X-ray source's focus size.



#### ■ Wide detection width with no dead areas.

The overlapped type offers a wide detection area with no dead areas due to its staggered sensors. The output image can be corrected by the camera driver software automatically.

